

## CentOS Cheat Sheet



System Management &		User & Group Management	
Administration		oser & Group Management	
rpm -ql <packagename></packagename>	Lists the files installed by a specific RPM package	<u>alias</u>	Create an alias or shortcut for another command
dpkg -L <packagename></packagename>	Lists the files installed by a specific Debian package	<u>sudo</u>	Allows a user to run commands with the security privileges of another user
sosreport	Gathers information about the system's configuration and status for troubleshooting purposes	<u>useradd</u>	Creates a new system user account
bcwipe	Securely erases files or partitions	<u>userdel</u>	Removes a user from the system
chkconfig	Controls the services that start automatically when a SysVinit system boots	<u>usermod</u>	Modifies an existing user account on the system
dstat	Displays system resource usage statistics	<u>passwd</u>	Changes a user account's password
fdisk	Enables users to view information regarding a disk's partition layout as well as create, modify, and delete disk partitions	vipw	Edits the password file on the system
systemd	Manages system services and processes	vigr	Changes the system's group file
systemcl	Controls and manages systemd services and other system components	<u>groupadd</u>	Creates a new group on the system
systemctl halt	Halts the Linux system	groupdel	Removes a group from the system
systemctl poweroff	Turns off the power of the system	<u>groupmod</u>	Modifies an existing group on the system
<u>systemctl reboot</u>	Restarts the system	<u>chage</u>	Changes a user account's password expiration and other account aging information
systemctl suspend	Suspends the Linux system	<u>who</u>	Displays users who are currently logged in
systemctl hibernate	Hibernates system	Partitic	ons & Disk Management
systemctl hybrid- sleep	Suspends and hibernates the system	fuser	Identifies which processes are currently using a particular file, directory, or socket
systemctl disable firewalld	Disables the firewalld	<u>df</u>	Provides information about the amount of disk space used by the file system.
systemctl start firewalld	Starts the firewalld	<u>mount</u>	Attaches a file system to a directory
strace	Traces system calls and signals	unmount	Detaches a mounted file system from its mount point
<u>shutdown</u>	Shuts down or reboots a system	<u>du</u>	Displays disk usage statistics for a file or directory
<u>service</u>	Calls the script to start, stop, and restart a daemon or service.		
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Ispci	Lists information about all the PCI buses and devices in the system	File &	Directory Management
lsusb	Lists information about all the USB buses and devices in the system	<u>ls</u>	Displays a list of the files and directories in the current working directory
last	Shows a list of all the users who have logged in and out of the system, along with the time and date of their sessions	ls -a	Lists all files and directories in the current directory, including hidden files
quota	Displays and manages disk quotas for users and groups	ls -aF	List every file and directory in the current directory, including hidden files, and add a character to every entry to denote the type of the file or directory
strace	Traces system calls and signals	ls -1	Lists in long format all files and directories in the current directory, including details such as permissions, owner, size, and modification time
xrandr	Configurs display settings	<u>chmod</u>	Changes a file's permissions
xwininfo	Displays information about X windows	<u>chown</u>	Changes a file's ownership
<u>uname</u>	Displays system information such as the operating system name, version, and architecture	<u>ср</u>	Copies files and directories
localectl status	Displays locale settings	<u>mv</u>	Moves or renames files and directories
localectl list-locales locale list-keymaps	Lists all locales Lists keyboard mappings	<u>cd</u> cd	Changes the current working directory Moves one level up from the current directory
timedatectl set- timezone time_zone	Sets timezone	cd ~	Moves one level back from the current directory
timedatectl set-time YYYY-MM-DD	Sets date	<u>pwd</u>	Shows the current working directory
	Sets date Sets time	<u>pwd</u> II	Shows the current working directory Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directory
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time			Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS timedatectl set-ntp yes hostnamectl status	Sets time	11	Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directory Searches for files and directories in a
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS timedatectl set-ntp yes hostnamectl status hostnamectl set- hostname <host-< td=""><td>Sets time Enables ntp server Views and modifies the system's</td><td>ll <u>find</u></td><td>Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directory Searches for files and directories in a specified location</td></host-<>	Sets time Enables ntp server Views and modifies the system's	ll <u>find</u>	Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directory Searches for files and directories in a specified location
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS timedatectl set-ntp yes hostnamectl status hostnamectl set-	Sets time Enables ntp server Views and modifies the system's hostname and related settings	II <u>find</u> <u>rm</u>	Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directory Searches for files and directories in a specified location Deletes files and directories Creates a hard or symbolic link between
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS timedatectl set-ntp yes hostnamectl status hostnamectl status hostname <host- name&gt; hostname -H username@hostnam</host- 	Sets time Enables ntp server Views and modifies the system's hostname and related settings Changes hostnames	II <u>find</u> rm <u>In</u>	Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directorySearches for files and directories in a specified locationDeletes files and directoriesCreates a hard or symbolic link between filesCreates an empty file or updates the access and modification times of an
YYYY-MM-DD timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS timedatectl set-ntp yes hostnamectl status hostnamectl set- hostname <host- name&gt; hostname -H username@hostnam e</host- 	Sets time Enables ntp server Views and modifies the system's hostname and related settings Changes hostnames Sets hostname remotely	II find rm In touch less	Provides detailed information about the files and directories in the current working directorySearches for files and directories in a specified locationDeletes files and directoriesCreates a hard or symbolic link between filesCreates an empty file or updates the access and modification times of an existing fileDisplays a file's contents one page at a



<package\_name>

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## **CentOS Cheat Sheet**



Netwo	rking Commands	<u>he</u>	
птар	Scans for open ports and services on	ta	
- <b>F</b>	a network Captures and displays network		
tcpdump	traffic in real-time	w	
i <u>fconfiq</u>	Displays and configures network	sta	
<u>ijeonjig</u>	interface information	50	
route	Displays and configures the network routing table	<u>cu</u>	
in.	Displays and sets up network	pa	
<u>ip</u>	interfaces, addresses, and routes		
<u>ping</u>	Sends packets to a remote host to check the network's connectivity	<u>dij</u>	
	Displays or changes the hostname of		
<u>hostname</u>	the system	<u>m</u>	
ifup	Brings up a network interface	<u>rn</u>	
ifdown	Brings a network interface down	gr	
	Displays a list of network		
iftop	connections sorted by their bandwidth usage	<u>un</u>	
iptop	Displays network traffic in real-time	<u>da</u>	
	Displays network connection		
<u>netstat</u>	information such as active	<u>fso</u>	
	connections and listening ports Similar to netstat, but offers more		
SS	thorough information	<u>loc</u>	
	Allows users to open or close ports,		
<u>firewall-cmd</u>	enable or disable services, and create custom rules for network	ta	
	traffic management		
	Views various network statistics,		
iptraf	such as network traffic by IP		
	address, port activity, and protocol distribution		
	Obtains registration information for		
jwhois	domain names and IP addresses	<u>ps</u>	
<u>rsync</u>	Copies and synchronizing files and directories between two system	ps	
	directories between two system		
Packa	ge Management	to	
i dend			
	Enables users to install, update, and		
yum	uninstall software packages and	<u>kil</u>	
	dependencies from local or remote repositories		
yum search	Searches for a package in the		
		kil	

configured repositories

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<u>head</u>	Displays the first ten lines of a file
<u>tail</u>	Displays the last ten lines of a file
<u>wc</u>	Counts the number of lines, words, and characters in a file
stat	Displays file information such as the owner, permissions, and timestamps
<u>cut</u>	Extracts specific columns or fields from a text file
<u>paste</u>	Combines lines from multiple files
<u>diff</u>	Compares two files and shows the differences between them
<u>mkdir</u>	Creates a new directory
<u>rmdir</u>	Removes an empty directory
<u>grep</u>	Searches text files for a given pattern
<u>unzip</u>	Unzips the archived files
<u>dd</u>	Copies a file, converting and formatting it according to the options specified
<u>fsck</u>	Checks and repairs filesystem integrity on unmounted filesystems.
<u>locate</u>	Uses a database to quickly locate files rather than searching the file system
tar_	Archives and compresses files and directories

#### **Process Management**

<u>ps</u>	Displays information about currently active processes	
pstree	Displays a tree of currently running processes	
<u>top</u>	Shows current system performance indicators and the processes utilizing the system's resources	
<u>kill</u>	Sends a signal to a process to end it	
<u>killall</u>	Terminates all processes with the specified name	
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yum install <package_name></package_name>	Installs a package and its dependencies from the configured repositories	pkill
yum help install	Provides information on the options and syntax for the command	pgre
yum update	Updates all installed packages to their latest available version	<u>jobs</u>
yum check-update	Checks for available package updates in the configured repositories	init
yum update security	Updates only the packages that have security updates available in the configured repositories	
yum update <package_name></package_name>	Updates a specific package and its dependencies to their latest available version	<u>what</u>
yum remove <package_name></package_name>	Removes a package and its dependencies from the system	whic
yum clean all	Removes all cached packages from the system to free up disk space	<u>wher</u>
yum list installed	Lists all packages installed on the system	aproj
yum list all yum list updates	Lists all packages available in the configured repositories, including installed and available packages Lists only the packages that have	<u>man</u>
yum list available	available updates Lists all packages available in the configured repositories that are not currently installed on the system	lsmo
yum info <package_name></package_name>	Displays detailed information about a package, including its description, version, and dependencies	<u>exit</u>
yum deplist <package_name></package_name>	Displays the dependencies of a package and their details	<u>clear</u>
yum erase <package_name></package_name>	Uninstalls a package and remove its dependencies that are no longer needed	<u>cal</u>
yum autoremove	Removes packages that were installed as dependencies but are no	<u>ncal</u>
yum grouplist	longer required Lists all available package groups that can be installed or removed	<u>bc</u>
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<u>clear</u>	Clears the terminal screen
<u>cal</u>	Displays a calendar for a specific month or year in the terminal
<u>ncal</u>	Displays calendar in a different format than cal command
<u>bc</u>	Performs mathematical calculations in a command line calculator

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yum repolist	Displays a list of all configured repositories and their status, including the number of packages available	<u>cron</u>	Allows to schedule and automate recurring tasks on your system
yum info <package_name></package_name>	Displays detailed information about a package	<u>crontab</u>	Edits, creates, or views the cron jobs that are scheduled to run on a Linux system
yum provides <file_name></file_name>	Finds which package provides a specific file on the system	<u>date</u>	Displays or set the system date and time
yum history	Displays the system's yum transaction history	<u>neofetch</u>	Displays system information, such as the operating system, kernel version, CPU and GPU information, and more, in a visually appealing way
yum groupinstall <group_name></group_name>	Installs a group of packages	<u>tree</u>	Displays the directory structure of a file system in a tree-like format
yum groupremove <group_name></group_name>	Removes a group of packages	<u>at</u>	Schedules a one-time task to run at a specified time in the future
yum check	Checks the system for any issues with dependencies and missing files	<u>tee</u>	Redirects output from a command to a file and also display it on the terminal at the same time
yum clean all	Removes all cached package data from the system		